

Maharashtra

■ Best (Ranks 1-6)
 ■ Middle (Ranks 7-12)
 ■ Worst (Ranks 13-18)

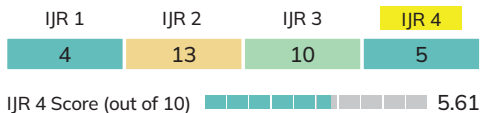
Rank among 18 large & mid-sized states

	IJR 1 (2019)	IJR 2 (2020)	IJR 3 (2022)	IJR 4 (2025) NEW
Overall	1	1	12	10
Police	4	13	10	5
Prisons	2	4	10	10
Judiciary	4	5	12	11
Legal Aid	5	1	7	14

POLICE



Rank among 18 large & mid-sized states



READING THE DATA: This page shows the state's performance over 4 IJR's and how it compares, on each indicator, against the 17 other large and mid-sized states. The state's position in each indicator is also shown through 3 colour bands. The more the blue bands, the better. 'Best value' and 'worst value' are the highest and lowest results in that indicator.

Indicator		IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3	IJR 4 NEW		
Budgets		Value	Value	Value	Value	Best value	Worst value
1	Spend on police per person (Rs)	882	930	1,234	1,588	2,604 (PB)	774 (BH)
2	Share of training budget in police budget (%)	--	--	0.94	0.77	5.69 (BH)	0.03 (WB)
3	Training budget utilization (%)	--	--	84.2	92.6	98.7 (GJ)	34.2 (WB)
4	Spend on training per personnel (Rs)	--	7,206	7,887	7,578	20,530 (BH)	125 (WB)
5	Modernisation fund used (%)	15	33	96	66	99 (KA)	32 (WB)
Human Resources							
6	Constables, vacancy (%)	4.1	9.42	28.2	29.1	0.6 (UK)	40.7 (WB)
7	Officers, vacancy (%)	8.2	22.3	25.31	21.3	1.2 (KA)	51.8 (RJ)
8	Officers in civil police (%)	17.3	15.8	18.23	19.0	29.5 (WB)	9.6 (TN)
9	Admin staff vacancy in forensics (%)	--	--	--	53.7	0.0 (CH/KL)	88.9 (MP)
10	Scientific staff vacancy in forensics (%)	--	--	--	28.4	3.7 (KL)	91.0 (TS)
Diversity							
11	Share of women in police (%)	11.6	12.5	17.8	18.7	23.7 (BH)	7.1 (MP)
12	Share of women in officers (%)	5.5	5.1	7.7	6.8	20.1 (TN)	2.7 (KL)
13	SC officers, actual to reserved ratio (%)	71	78	87	78	131 (GJ)	39 (UP)
14	SC constables, actual to reserved ratio (%)	--	86.4	81	87	125 (TN)	69 (HR)
15	ST officers, actual to reserved ratio (%)	78	75	96	86	193 (KA)	0.1 (PB)
16	ST constables, actual to reserved ratio (%)	--	91	99.7	107	245 (BH)	0.02 (PB)
17	OBC officers, actual to reserved ratio (%)	48	62	98	65	155 (PB)	26 (RJ)
18	OBC constables, actual to reserved ratio (%)	--	60	81	81	188 (OD)	63 (WB)
Infrastructure							
19	Population per police station (rural) (Number)	72,504	83,173	85,159	83,613	23,992 (KL)	301,130 (WB)
20	Population per police station (urban) (Number)	1,85,468	2,20,606	2,18,484	2,15,965	45,211 (OD)	283,301 (GJ)
21	Area per police station (rural) (Sq km)	352	386	392	384	85 (KL)	647 (RJ)
22	Area per police station (urban) (Sq km)	33.2	34.4	32.8	32.0	10.6 (TS)	64.9 (KL)
23	Services provided by state's citizen portals (%)	--	87.6	87.6	87.6	90.9 (GJ)	45.0 (BH)
24	Personnel per training institute (Number)	--	18,717	19,414	19,414	2,608 (TS)	38,882 (UP)
25	Police stations with CCTVs (%)	--	--	57	90.8	100 (Multiple) ¹	21.5 (JH)
26	Police stations with women help desks (%)	--	--	89.0	78.1	100 (Multiple) ²	34.3 (TN)
Workload							
27	Population per civil police (Number)	537	626	813	810	504 (PB)	1,522 (BH)
Trends							
28	Women in total police (%)	29.6	3.7	40.6	44.0	280.2 (AP)	-5.4 (KL)
29	Women officers in total officers (%)	73.6	1.4	41.4	14.8	287.7 (BH)	-39.5 (UK)
30	Constable vacancy (%)	29.5	47.8	240.2	219.8	-73.8 (KA)	320.7 (OD)
31	Officer vacancy (%)	-40.5	68.2	23.1	2.5	-95.0 (KA)	387.9 (UP)
32	Difference in spend: police vs state (pp)	0.08	-1.87	0.06	0.59	3.82 (WB)	-6.14 (OD)

Data period: January 2023 except indicator 1 (2022-23), indicators 2 to 5 (2021-22), indicator 23 (2024), indicators 28 to 31 (CY '18-'22) and indicator 32 (FY '19-'23).

General notes: i. Indicators highlighted in yellow are new in IJR 4. ii. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). iii. NA: Not available. iv. CY: Calendar year;

FY: Financial year. v. SC: Scheduled castes; ST: Scheduled tribes; OBC: Other backward classes. vi. Civil police includes district armed reserve police. vii. In 'best value' and 'worst value' columns, state names have been abbreviated i.e. BR for Bihar, GJ for Gujarat etc.

State notes: 1. BH/UK/WB. 2. PB/OD/WB.

PRISONS



Rank among 18 large & mid-sized states

IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3	IJR 4
2	4	10	10
IJR 4 Score (out of 10) <div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> 5.17			

READING THE DATA: This page shows the state's performance over 4 IJR's and how it compares, on each indicator, against the 17 other large and mid-sized states. The state's position in each indicator is also shown through 3 colour bands. The more the blue bands, the better. 'Best value' and 'worst value' are the highest and lowest results in that indicator.

Best (Ranks 1-6) Middle (Ranks 7-12) Worst (Ranks 13-18)

Indicator		IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3	IJR 4 NEW		
Value		Value	Value	Value	Value	Best value	Worst value
Budgets							
1	Spend per inmate (Rs)	27,037	16,186	17,187	17,219	267,673 (AP)	17,219 (MH)
2	Prison budget utilized (%)	89.8	90.7	89.0	86.2	100.0 (TN)	71.4 (BH)
Human Resources							
3	Officers, vacancy (%)	18.8	26.8	22.0	25.9	8.8 (TS)	69.0 (UK)
4	Cadre staff, vacancy (%)	9.2	7.1	11.2	10.5	7.2 (TN)	64.8 (JH)
5	Correctional staff, vacancy (%)	30.5	37.4	46.0	46.5	0.0 (TS)	100.0 (HR, PB)
6	Medical staff, vacancy (%)	32.3	27.0	27.0	30.0	12.4 (TN)	65.1 (WB)
7	Medical officers, vacancy (%)	20.5	22.7	20.5	22.7	4.5 (AP)	90.0 (UK)
8	Personnel trained (%)	--	42.7	4.8	11.6	66.4 (KA)	0.8 (CH)
Diversity							
9	Women in prison staff (%)	12.0	15.00	14.8	15.4	32.9 (KA)	1.8 (HR)
Infrastructure							
10	Prison occupancy (%)	119.5	152.7	148.8	161	77 (TN)	183 (UK)
11	Share of jails with 150-250% occupancy (%)	--	--	--	15.6	2.2 (OD)	42.1 (KL)
12	Share of jails with 250%-plus occupancy (%)	--	--	--	20.3	0.0 (Multiple) ¹	36.4 (UP)
13	Undertrials detained for 1-3 years (%)	--	--	23.9	26.1	6.6 (AP)	27.2 (HR)
14	Jails with V-C facility (%)	--	67	75	88	100 (Multiple) ²	63 (RJ)
Workload							
15	Inmates per officer (Number)	59	77	72	84	22 (TN)	409 (JH)
16	Inmates per cadre staff (Number)	9.8	11.0	11.5	12.8	5.5 (AP)	25.9 (JH)
17	Inmates per correctional staff (Number)	242	315	365	411	213 (OD)	24,659 (RJ)
18	Inmates per medical officer (Number)	--	--	1,053	1,208	345 (AP)	6,858 (UK)
19	Women inmates per woman medical officer (Number)	--	--	--	319	39 (AP)	2,405 (UP)
Trends							
20	Officer vacancy (%)	-31.3	9.7	10.8	14.1	-69.3 (OD)	677.9 (TS)
21	Cadre staff vacancy (%)	-54.6	-63.0	21.0	71.6	-56.3 (TN)	362.4 (OD)
22	Share of women in prison staff (%)	66.5	67.0	5.3	3.9	86.3 (UP)	-66.2 (HR)
23	Inmates per prison officer (%)	-1.0	4.4	4.2	5.9	-14.6 (KA)	11.7 (UK)
24	Inmates per cadre staff (%)	0.4	1.6	3.8	4.9	-7.8 (KA)	13.6 (BH)
25	Share of undertrial prisoners (pp)	1.10	0.70	2.80	1.49	0.01 (MP)	3.90 (PB)
26	Spend per inmate (%)	12.2	-4.1	-5.8	1.8	58.6 (UK)	-6.84 (WB)
27	Prison budget used (pp)	0.51	0.41	-0.16	-1.68	4.26 (KA)	-3.57 (TS)
28	Difference in spend: prisons vs state (pp)	1.95	-2.05	-1.59	0.81	254.71 (UK)	-5.44 (AP)

Data period: December 2022, except indicators 1 and 2 (2022-23), indicator 8 (2022), indicators 20 to 25 (CY '18-'22), and indicators 26 to 28 (FY '19-'23).

General notes: i. Indicators highlighted in yellow are new in IJR 4. ii. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). iii. NA: Not available. iv. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year. v. In 'best value' and 'worst value' columns, state names have been abbreviated i.e BR for Bihar, GJ for Gujarat etc.

State notes: 1. AP/GJ/HR/KA/KL/OD/PB/TN/TS. 2. BH/CH/HR/UK/WB.

JUDICIARY



Rank among 18 large & mid-sized states

IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3	IJR 4
4	5	12	11
IJR 4 Score (out of 10) <div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> 4.94			

READING THE DATA: This page shows the state's performance over 4 IJRs and how it compares, on each indicator, against the 17 other large and mid-sized states. The state's position in each indicator is also shown through 3 colour bands. The more the blue bands, the better. 'Best value' and 'worst value' are the highest and lowest results in that indicator.

Best (Ranks 1-6) Middle (Ranks 7-12) Worst (Ranks 13-18)

Indicator		IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3	IJR 4 NEW		
Value		Value	Value	Value	Value	Best value	Worst value
Budgets							
1	Per capita spend on judiciary (Rs)	124	135	172	250	343 (PB)	101 (BH)
Human Resources							
2	Population per High Court judge (Number)	18,38,070	17,92,903	19,41,636	19,31,956	802,933 (KL)	3,836,147 (BH)
3	Population per sub. court judge (Number)	52,098	54,453	64,645	66,152	43,046 (PB)	114,334 (WB)
4	High Court judge vacancy (%)	33.8	25.8	29.8	27.7	4.3 (KL)	50.6 (UP)
5	Sub. court judge vacancy (%)	4.5	2.1	11.4	11.4	9.4 (UK)	31.1 (GJ)
6	High Court staff vacancy (%)	18.1	11.68	11.3	26.1	4.1 (KL)	46.6 (GJ)
Diversity							
7	Women judges (High Court) (%)	12.7	13.4	12.1	16.2	33.3 (TS)	0.0 (UK)
8	Women judges (sub. court) (%)	27.4	28.4	30.8	30.8	55.3 (TS)	20.8 (GJ)
9	SC judges, actual to reserved (sub. court) (%)	--	--	80	80	111 (AP)	18 (OD)
10	ST judges, actual to reserved (sub. court) (%)	--	--	5	5	119 (TS)	0 (PB)
11	OBC judges, actual to reserved (sub. court) (%)	--	--	120	120	168 (KA)	0 (WB)
Infrastructure							
12	Courthall shortfall (%)	3.0	1.4	-7.3	-11.0	-11.0 (MH)	25.4 (HR)
Workload							
13	Cases pending above 3 years (High Court) (%)	--	--	--	63.7	42.7 (KA)	71.0 (UP)
14	Cases pending above 3 years (sub. court) (%)	--	--	--	47.7	23.9 (PB)	70.7 (BH)
15	Case clearance rate (High Court) (%)	87	85.1	72	83	129 (JH)	75 (UK)
16	Case clearance rate (sub. court) (%)	92.2	91.9	92	87	113 (KL)	64 (WB)
Trends							
17	Cases pending (per High Court judge) (%)	-5.7	-5.6	12.6	9.4	-11.5 (TS)	13.7 (UK)
18	Cases pending (per sub. court judge) (%)	-4.3	-1.0	11.2	7.1	-1.3 (BH)	10.0 (WB)
19	Total cases pending (High Court) (%)	-4.9	-2.4	9.4	8.9	-4.4 (RJ)	8.9 (MH)
20	Total cases pending (sub. court) (%)	-0.9	3.6	8.2	7.1	-0.1 (GJ)	12.1 (UK)
21	Judge vacancy (High Court) (%)	29.9	88.8	38.5	0.6	-82.1 (KL)	125.0 (UK)
22	Judge vacancy (sub. court) (%)	-63.3	-86.7	274.8	0.0	-33.6 (UK)	119.9 (WB)
23	Case clearance rate (High Court) (pp)	-1.40	-1.32	-3.20	0.11	9.83 (AP)	-3.59 (UK)
24	Case clearance rate (sub. court) (pp)	-7.71	-1.49	-0.85	0.56	5.78 (HR)	-5.08 (WB)
25	Difference in spend: judiciary vs state (pp)	-1.03	-1.95	-0.57	2.44	6.13 (RJ)	-1.67 (PB)

Data period: February 2025 except indicator 1 (2022-23), indicators 3, 5, 12, 13, 14 (January 2025), indicator 6 (June 2024), indicators 15 and 16 (2024), indicators 17 to 24: CY '20-'24, and indicator 25: FY '19-'23.
General notes: i. Indicators highlighted in yellow are new in IJR 4. ii. Sub. court: subordinate court. iii. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). iv. NA: Not available. v. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year. vi. SC: Scheduled castes; ST: Scheduled tribes; OBC: Other backward classes. vii. States and UTs that share a High Court have been assigned identical values for High Court indicators. These are Assam, Arunachal Pradesh Mizoram and Nagaland; Kerala and Lakshadweep; Maharashtra, Goa, D&N Haveli & Daman & Diu; Punjab, Haryana and Chandigarh; Tamil Nadu and Puducherry; West Bengal and Andaman & Nicobar Islands; Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh. viii. In 'best value' and 'worst value' columns, state names have been abbreviated i.e BR for Bihar, GJ for Gujarat etc.

IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3	IJR 4
5	1	7	14

IJR 4 Score (out of 10) 4.81

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■ Best (Ranks 1-6) ■ Middle (Ranks 7-12) ■ Worst (Ranks 13-18)

	Indicator	IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3	IJR 4 NEW		
	Budgets	Value	Value	Value	Value	Best value	Worst value
1	State's share in legal aid budget (%)	60.8	76.6	77.6	83.3	93.4 (UP)	55.8 (WB)
2	State legal aid budget utilized (%)	--	--	83	92	147 (RJ)	52 (UK)
3	NALSA fund utilized (%)	79.0	89.9	86.7	29.1	110.4 (PB)	18.7 (UP)
4	Per capita spend on legal aid (Rs)	--	--	--	3.8	16.0 (HR)	1.9 (WB)
	Human Resources						
5	DLSA secretary vacancy (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 (Multiple) ¹	50.0 (TN)
6	PLVs per lakh population (Number)	4.5	4.6	2.8	2.6	7.6 (KA)	1.1 (UP)
7	Sanctioned secretaries as % of DLSAs (%)	100	100	100	109	109 (MH)	93 (KL)
	Diversity						
8	Share of women in panel lawyers (%)	26.8	27.0	28.2	34.5	48.6 (KL)	14.2 (OD)
9	Women PLVs (%)	36.76	47.5	40.8	40.8	63.3 (KL)	26.7 (RJ)
10	Women DLSA secretaries (%)	--	--	--	13.5	69.2 (OD)	0.0 (RJ)
	Infrastructure						
11	DLSAs as % of state judicial districts (%)	100	100	100	100	105 (WB)	100 (Multiple) ²
12	Presence of front offices in DLSAs (%)	--	--	100	100	100 (Multiple) ³	32 (TS)
13	Legal services clinic per jail (Number)	0.25	1.00	0.62	0.92	1.97 (GJ)	0.68 (RJ)
14	Villages per legal services clinic (Number)	106.4	94.8	178.9	214.4	15.4 (KL)	19,567.0 (CH)
	Workload						
15	PLA cases: settled as % of received (%)	79.2	82.9	36.0	21.3	90.9 (CH)	0.0 (GJ)
16	SLSA LAs: Pre-litigation cases disposed (%)	--	--	--	5.8	100.0 (AP)	1.8 (GJ)
17	SLSA LAs: Pending cases disposed (%)	--	--	--	9.3	100.0 (GJ)	1.8 (RJ)

General notes: i. Indicators highlighted in yellow are new in IJR 4. ii. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). iii. NA: Not available. iv. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year. v. DLSA: District Legal Services Authority; LA: Lok Adalat; PLA: Permanent Lok Adalat; PLV: Para-Legal Volunteer; SLSA: State Legal Services Authority. vi. In 'best value' and 'worst value' columns, state names have been abbreviated i.e BR for Bihar, GI for Gujarat etc.

State notes: 1. CH/GI/HR/IH/KA/MH/PB/RI/TS/UP/UK/WB. 2. AP/BH/CH/GI/HR/IH/KA/KL/MH/OD/PB/RI/TN/UP/UK. 3. AP/BH/CH/GI/HR/IH/KA/KL/MH/OD/PB/RI/TN/UK.

Data sources

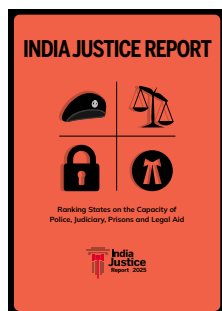
Police: Data on Police Organizations, Bureau of Police Research and Development (BPR&D); Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Union Budget documents; Digital Police Portal, Ministry of Home Affairs; National Commission on Population; Open Budgets India.

Prisons: Prison Statistics India (PSI), National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB); Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Open Budgets India; Finance Division of Ministry of Home Affairs.

Judiciary: National Commission on Population, 2019; Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India for 2022-2023, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Finance Division of Ministry of Home Affairs; Department of Justice; Parliamentary questions; Supreme Court Annual Report (Volume 2 - High Courts) 2023-2024; National Judicial Data Grid.

Legal aid: National Legal Services Authority (NALSA); Primary Census Abstract, Census 2011; Prison Statistics India (PSI), National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB); National Commission on Population; State budget documents.

About India Justice Report 2025



The India Justice Report (IJR) 2025 is India's first and only comprehensive quantitative index which uses government data to rank the capacity of 'pillars' of the formal justice system. First published in 2019, it continues to track improvements and persisting deficits in each state's structural and financial capacity to deliver justice based on quantitative measurements of budgets, human resources, infrastructure, workload, and diversity across police, judiciary, prisons and legal aid, and Human Rights Commissions for all 36 states and UTs. The IJR is a collaborative effort undertaken in partnership with DAKSH, Commonwealth Human Rights Initiative, Common Cause, Centre for Social Justice, Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy and TISS-Prayas.

Visit <https://indiajusticereport.org> for the main report, data explorer and more.

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