Himachal Pradesh

Rank among 7 small-sized states ▶

Overall **3rd**	

Police 6th **Prisons** 6th **Judiciary** 3rd **Legal aid** 3rd

India Justice Report | 2019
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POLICE

RANK IN CATEGORY **6th**

SCORE (Out of 10) **3.41**

HOW TO READ THE DATA: Since each indicator has a different unit, to enable comparison, we rebased values to score the state's performance in a band of 1 to 10. The line graphs show how the state compares, on each indicator, against the other 6 small-sized states. The longer the lines, the better the state is doing. 'Worst value' and 'best value' point to the highest and lowest results in that indicator.

Budgets	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Modernisation fund used (%, 2016-17)	NA		1	59	NA
Spend on police per person (Rs, 2015-16)	1,117		1,117	4,869	7

Human Resources					
Constables, vacancy (%, Jan 2017)	3.3		20.5	1.9	2
Officers, vacancy (%, Jan 2017)	11.5		21.6	-11.1	3
Officers in civil police (%, Jan 2017)	16.7		10.7	33.0	4

> The state had low constabulary vacancies. Over 5 years, vacancies at this level had reduced.

Diversity					
Share of women in police (%, Jan 2017)	12.2		4.3	12.2	1
Share of women in officers (%, Jan 2017)	3.5		3.5	20.2	7
SC officers, actual to reserved ratio (%, Jan 2017)	82		63	178	2
ST officers, actual to reserved ratio (%, Jan 2017)	125		54	125	1
OBC officers, actual to reserved ratio (%, Jan 2017)	29		20	184	3

> Among small states, it had the largest share of women in police, but the lowest share of women officers.

Infrastructure					
Population per police station (rural) (Jan 2017)	88,229		91,209	19,042	6
Population per police station (urban) (Jan 2017)	16,394		113,352	11,335	2
Area per police station (rural) (sq km, Jan 2017)	791		852	181	5
Area per police station (urban) (sq km, Jan 2017)	6		100	5	2

Workload					
Population per civil police (persons, Jan 2017)	679		679	181	7

> Police stations, on average, were more accessible for urban jurisdictions.

Trends					
Women in total police (pp, CY '12-'16)	0.51		0.33	0.85	3
Women officers in total officers (pp, CY '12-'16)	0.11		0.00	1.55	6
Constable vacancy (pp, CY '12-'16)	-1.57		3.35	-4.45	3
Officer vacancy (pp, CY '12-'16)	0.66		2.07	-3.76	5
Difference in spend: police vs state (pp, FY '12-'16)	0.88		-4.82	6.50	1

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Budgets

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Spend per inmate (Rs, 2016-17)	22,354		22,354	95,982	7
Prison budget utilised (%, 2016-17)	100		55	100	1

Human Resources

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Officers, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	40.0		50.0	11.1	5
Cadre staff, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	26.9		28.3	8.8	6
Correctional staff, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	42.9		100.0	42.9	1
Medical staff, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	25.0		33.3	-10.0	4
Medical officers, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	60.0		60.0	0.0	3

The state had high levels of vacancies across categories. Among small states, while having the least correctional staff vacancies, it had only 4 staff for 2,192 inmates.

Diversity

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Women in prison staff (%, Dec 2016)	7.9		2.2	18.8	5

Infrastructure

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Prison occupancy (%, Dec 2016)	117		132	37	3

Prisons in the state functioned beyond capacity, with the largest increase in the share of UTPs over 5 years among small states.

Workload

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Inmates per officer (persons, Dec 2016)	100		100	20	7
Inmates per cadre staff (persons, Dec 2016)	7		7	2	2
Inmates per correctional staff (persons, Dec 2016)	548		1,161	548	1

Trends

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Officer vacancy (pp, CY '12-'16)	4.76		7.34	-0.18	6
Cadre staff vacancy (pp, CY '12-'16)	0.52		4.49	-0.04	2
Share of women in prison staff (pp, CY '12-'16)	0.43		-1.50	0.79	2
Inmates per prison officer (%, CY '12-'16)	6.8		41.1	-1.7	2
Inmates per cadre staff (%, CY '12-'16)	6.5		33.0	0.3	5
Share of undertrial prisoners (pp, CY '12-'16)	3.69		3.69	-4.92	7
Spend per inmate (%, FY '13-'17)	2.7		2.7	84.4	7
Prison budget used (pp, FY '13-'17)	0.40		-7.05	6.04	4
Difference in spend: prisons vs state (pp, FY '12-'16)	-1.3		-9.4	113.0	2

Over 5 years, vacancies at the officer level increased, which led to a steady increase in the inmate to prison officer ratio.

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Budgets

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Per capita spend on judiciary (Rs, 2015-16)	204		78	464	4

Human Resources

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Population per High Court judge (2016-17)	686,460		2,338,689	244,231	2
Population per sub. court judge (2016-17)	47,342		81,396	30,386	4
High Court judge vacancy (%, 2016-17)	23.1		36.5	16.7	2
Sub. court judge vacancy (%, 2016-17)	6.5		52.0	6.5	1
High Court staff vacancy (%, 2016-17)	6.2		19.5	6.2	1

The state had the lowest vacancies at the subordinate court level among small states.

Diversity

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Women judges (High Court) (%, Jun 2018)	0.0		0.0	33.3	4
Women judges (sub. court) (%, Jul 2017)	27.5		20.8	73.8	5

There was not a single female High Court judge in the state.

Infrastructure

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Courthall shortfall (%, 2016-17, Mar 2018)	2.6		46.0	0.0	2

Workload

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Cases pending (5-10 years) (sub. court) (%, Aug 2018)	10.60		15.25	0.28	4
Cases pending (10+ years) (sub. court) (%, Aug 2018)	0.39		10.78	0.14	2
Average High Court pendency (years, Sep 2017)	3.0		3.0	1.3	6
Average sub. court pendency (years, Aug 2017)	5.5		6.3	2.7	4
Case clearance rate (High Court) (%, 2016-17)	110		75	110	1
Case clearance rate (sub. court) (%, 2016-17)	94		57	106	5

Trends

	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Cases pending (per High Court judge) (%, FY '13-'17)	-1.7		15.4	-19.2	5
Cases pending (per sub. court judge) (%, FY '13-'17)	1.1		21.4	-4.5	3
Total cases pending (High Court) (%, FY '13-'17)	-7.2		22.2	-17.9	4
Total cases pending (sub. court) (%, FY '13-'17)	5.4		40.4	2.3	3
Judge vacancy (High Court) (pp, FY '13-'17)	4.16		6.52	-5.00	4
Judge vacancy (sub. court) (pp, FY '13-'17)	-0.94		5.68	-6.88	2
Case clearance rate (High Court) (pp, FY '13-'17)	3.61		-4.16	4.86	2
Case clearance rate (sub. court) (pp, FY '13-'17)	0.05		-9.45	2.06	3
Difference in spend: judiciary vs state (pp, FY '12-'16)	-3.08		-3.08	36.00	5

Over 5 years, judge vacancies at the High Court level increased.

Data sources: Court News, Supreme Court of India; National Judicial Data Grid; eCourts Services; Websites of High Courts; Approaches to Justice in India: A Report by DAKSH; Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Primary Census Abstract, Census 2011; Application under Right to Information (RTI) Act filed by Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy; Open Budgets India; Department of Justice.
Notes: 1. Data for 'Aug 2018' is as of August 23, 2018; for 'Sep 2017' is as of September 19, 2017; for 'Aug 2017' is as of August 29, 2017. 2. Sub. court: subo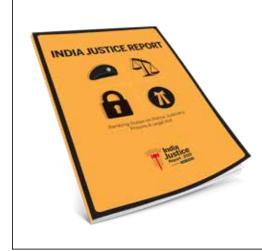rdinate court. 3. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). 4. NA: Not available. 5. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year.

LEGAL AID

RANK IN CATEGORY **3rd**

SCORE (Out of 10) **4.60**

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Budgets	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
NALSA fund utilised (%, 2017-18)	77		7	95	2
State's share in legal aid spend (%, 2017-18)	46		13	48	2

Human Resources	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
DLSA secretary vacancy (%, 2019)	0.0		100.0	0.0	1
PLVs per lakh population (number, Jan 2019)	84.3		13.4	84.3	1
Sanctioned secretaries as % of DLSAs (%, 2019)	100		0	100	1

Poor representation of women among legal aid providers.

Diversity	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
Women panel lawyers (%, Jan 2019)	16.1		15.4	53.7	6
Women PLVs (%, Jan 2019)	27.9		27.1	66.3	6

Infrastructure	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
DLSAs as % of state judicial districts (%, 2019)	100		63	157	1
Villages per legal services clinic (number, 2017-18)	20.0		141.7	2.5	4
Legal services clinic per jail (number, 2017-18)	0.86		0.00	2.50	2

Most effective Permanent Lok Adalats among small states.

Workload	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank
PLA cases: settled as % of received (%, 2017-18)	83		0	83	1
Total LAs: Pre-litigation cases disposed (%, 2017-18) *	3.3		3.0	96.8	6
SLSA LAs: Pre-litigation in cases taken up (%, 2017-18) **	0.1		0.0	27.7	6

Data sources: National Legal Services Authority (NALSA); Primary Census Abstract, Census 2011; Prison Statistics India (PSI), National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB).
Notes: 1. DLSA: District Legal Services Authority; LA: Lok Adalat; PLA: Permanent Lok Adalat; PLV: Para-Legal Volunteer; SLSA: State Legal Services Authority.
Full indicators: * NLAs + SLSA LAs: Share of pre-litigation cases in disposed cases (%, 2017-18); ** SLSA LAs: Pre-litigation cases disposed as % of total cases taken up (%, 2017-18).

About India Justice Report

The India Justice Report 2019 provides the first comprehensive quantitative index that ranks the capacity of the formal justice system operating in various states on their police, prisons, judiciary and legal aid. This ranking was supported and facilitated by Tata Trusts in partnership with DAKSH, Commonwealth Human Rights Initiative, Common Cause, Centre for Social Justice, Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy and TISS-Prayas.

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Data and design: How India Lives