

Chhattisgarh

Middle (Ranks 7-12)

Best (Ranks 1-6)

POLICE

Worst (Ranks 13-18)

Rank among 18 large & mid-sized states

	IJR 1 (2019)	IJR 2 (2020)	IJR 3 (2022) NEW
Overall	10	7	9
Police	10	2	9
Prisons	8	11	12
Judiciary	12	4	6
Legal Aid	8	15	11

IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3
10	2	9

READING THE DATA: This page shows the state's performance over 3 IJRs and how it compares, on each indicator, against the 17 other large and mid-sized states. The state's position in each indicator is also shown through 3 colour bands. The more the blue bands, the better. 'Best value' and 'worst value' are the highest and lowest results in that indicator.

	Indicator	IJR 1	IJR 2			IJR 3	
	Budgets	Value	Value	Value	Period	Best value	Worst value
1	Spend on police per person (Rs)	954	1,080	1,362	2020-21	2,055 (PB)	641 (BR)
* 2	Share of training budget in police budget (%)			1.28	2020-21	2.66 (TS)	0.00 (KL)
* 3	Training budget utilization (%)			53.5	2020-21	100 (GJ/RJ)	53.5 (CH)
4	Spend on training per personnel (Rs)		5,805	5,179	2020-21	28,126 (TS)	305 (WB)
5	Modernisation fund used (%)		0	58	2020-21	100 (GJ)	24 (UP)
	Human Resources						
6		0.7	170	21.2	Laura 2022	4.6.(1/1)	
6 7	Constables, vacancy (%)	8.7	17.9	21.2	Jan 2022	4.6 (KL)	44.1 (WB)
8	Officers, vacancy (%)	32.0	23.5	26.0	Jan 2022	7.1 (TS)	53.8 (BR)
0	Officers in civil police (%)	10.0	13.1	12.7	Jan 2022	31.5 (WB)	9.5 (KL)
	Diversity						
9	Share of women in police (%)	4.7	7.1	7.1	Jan 2022	21.8 (AP)	6.2 (JH)
10	Share of women in officers (%)	4.3	9.0	9.3	Jan 2022	18.1 (UK)	2.4 (KL)
11	SC officers, actual to reserved ratio (%)	69	93	95	Jan 2022	131 (GJ)	43 (UP)
12	SC constables, actual to reserved ratio (%)		106	95	Jan 2022	116 (KA)	63 (HR)
13	ST officers, actual to reserved ratio (%)	54	69	70	Jan 2022	176 (KA)	0.2 (PB)
14	ST constables, actual to reserved ratio (%)		109	109	Jan 2022	278 (BR)	0.01 (PB)
15	OBC officers, actual to reserved ratio (%)	65	107	117	Jan 2022	154 (PB)	34 (RJ)
16	OBC constables, actual to reserved ratio (%)		160	156	Jan 2022	200 (OD)	55 (WB)
	Infrastructure						
17	Population per police station (rural) (Number)	62,446	63,213	64,047	Jan 2022	25,010 (KL)	306,063 (WB)
18	Population per police station (urban) (Number)	61,846	95,974	102,51		46,376 (OD)	288,788 (G)
19	Area per police station (rural) (Sq km)	420	390	387	Jan 2022	82 (KL)	684 (RJ)
20	Area per police station (urban) (Sq km)	35.2	41.7	41.7	Jan 2022	10.6 (TS)	74.5 (KL)
21	Services provided by state's citizen portals (%)		87.6	87.6	2022	91.0 (GJ)	21.6 (BR)
* 22	Personnel per training institute (Number)		6,305	6,558	Jan 2022	5,484 (TN)	38,382 (UP)
*23	Police stations with CCTVs (%)			97	Jan 2022	100 (WB)	0.1 (RJ)
24	Police stations with women help desks (%)			80.5	Jan 2022	100 (WB)	34.9 (TN)
	Workload						
25	Population per civil police (Number)	637	758	756	Jan 2022	500 (PB)	1,695 (BR)
	Trends						
26	Women in total police (pp)	0.13	0.46	0.48	CY '17-'21	3.52 (AP)	- 0.19 (HR)
27	Women officers in total officers (pp)	0.10	1.00	1.00	CY '17-'21	1.83 (UK)	-0.35 (TN)
28	Constable vacancy (pp)	-3.38	-0.26	2.49	CY '17-'21	-5.40 (UP)	4.81 (MH)
29	Officer vacancy (pp)	-1.27	-2.85	-1.21	CY '17-'21	-4.02 (UP)	3.42 (MH)
30	Difference in spend: police vs state (pp)	-1.53	-1.79	1.71	FY '17-'21	6.01 (UP)	-5.47 (PB)

General notes: i. Star sign (*) before indicator number represents new indicators in IJR 3. ii. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). iii. NA: Not available. iv. CY: Calendar year, FY: Financial year. v. SC: Scheduled castes; ST: Scheduled tribes; OBC: Other backward classes. vi. Civil police includes district armed reserve police. vii. In 'best value' and 'worst value' columns, state names have been abbreviated i.e BR for Bihar, GJ for Gujarat etc. State notes: 1. Expenditure data not provided.

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PRISONS Rank among 18 la					READING THE DATA: This page shows the state's performance over 3 IJRs and how it compares, on each indicator, against the 17 other large and mid-sized states. The state's position in each indicator is also shown through 3 colour bands. The more					
	IJR 1 IJR 2 8 11		IJR 3 12							
								i through 3 colour ba Best value' and 'wors		
		IJR 3 Score (out of	10)		3.91			n that indicator.		
Be	st (Ranks 1-6) Mic	ldle (Ranks 7-12)	Worst (F	Ranks 13-18)					
	Indicator			IJR 1	IJR 2	IJR 3				
	Budgets			Value	Value	Value	Period	Best value	Worst value	
1	Spend per inmate (Rs)			33,010	40,989	36,519	2021-22	211,157 (AP)	6,112 (UK)	
2	Prison budget utilized	(%)		86.5	84.7	80.7	2021-22	114.0 (TS)	74.0 (BR)	
	Human Resources									
3	Officers, vacancy (%)			62.1	67.6	64.7	Dec 2021	6.9 (KL)	77.1 (UK)	
4	Cadre staff, vacancy (%	6)		18.4	19.6	27.7	Dec 2021	9.8 (TN)	60.3 (JH)	
5	Correctional staff, vaca	ıncy (%)		42.7	44.9	49.5	Dec 2021	0.0 (TS)	100.0 (HR/PB)	
6	Medical staff, vacancy	(%)		44.2	49.1	51.7	Dec 2021	7.8 (TN)	66.8 (WB)	
7	Medical officers, vacan	су (%)		51.1	52.3	56.5	Dec 2021	11.6 (TN)	90.0 (UK)	
8	Personnel trained (%)				2.0	3.5	Dec 2021	155.1 (KA)	0.2 (UK)	
	Diversity									
9	Women in prison staff	(06)		10.1	10.8	10.4	Dec 2021	32.0 (KA)	3.6 (UK)	
	Infrastructure									
10	Prison occupancy (%)			189.9	150.1	148.6	Dec 2021	76.4 (TN)	185.0 (UK)	
* 11	Share of jails with 100	%-plus occupancy (%)			62	2022	11 (TN)	90 (HR)	
* 12	Share of jails with 150	%-plus occupancy (%)			47	2022	1 (TN)	77 (UP)	
* 13	Undertrials detained fo	or 1-3 years (%)				26.9	Dec 2021	5.2 (AP)	27.5 (RJ)	
★14	Inmates availed educa	tional course (%) ¹				5.86	Dec 2021	21.52 (TS)	0.48 (PB)	
* 15	Inmates availed vocati	onal training (%)1				2.57	Dec 2021	7.67 (JH)	0.14 (WB)	
16	Jails with V-C facility (%)			94	93.94	Dec 2021	100 (HR/UK/WB)	57 (TS)	
	Workload									
17	Inmates per officer (Nu	mber)		230	266	264	Dec 2021	21 (TN)	532 (UK)	
18	Inmates per cadre staf	f (Number)		12.1	13.2	14.2	Dec 2021	4.2 (KL)	24.7 (JH)	
19	Inmates per correction	al staff (Number)		365	370	436	Dec 2021	198 (TN)	22,938 (RJ)	
★20	Inmates per medical of	ficer (Number)				1,003	Dec 2021	418 (AP)	6,921 (UK)	
	Trends									
21	Officer vacancy (pp)			-0.38	0.69	0.53	CY '17-'21	-7.95 (TN)	2.30 (HR)	
22	Cadre staff vacancy (p	p)		-7.26	-7.45	1.86	CY '17-'21	-6.91 (UK)	2.40 (HR)	
23	Share of women in pris			-0.19	-0.36	0.06	CY '17-'21	3.26 (BR)	-0.61 (UK)	
24	Inmates per prison offi			4.1	5.9	3.4	CY '17-'21	-15.0 (KA)	23.0 (UK)	
25	Inmates per cadre staf			-4.0	-5.7	3.7	CY '17-'21	-9.2 (KA)	8.80 (HR)	
26	Share of undertrial pris			-0.77	-0.47	1.13	CY '17-'21	0.43 (JH)	3.75 (PB)	
27	Spend per inmate (%)			11.4	8.1	4.1	FY '18-'22	116.9 (HR)	-10.6 (UK)	
28	Prison budget used (pr	p)		0.03	-0.13	-1.16	FY '18-'22	4.43 (TS)	-3.42 (UP)	
29	Difference in spend: pr			1.35	-1.68	6.08	FY '17-'21	16.66 (GJ)	-11.99 (TS)	

General notes: i. Star sign (*) before indicator number represents new indicators in IJR 3. ii. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). iii. NA: Not available. iv. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year. v. In 'best value' and 'worst value' columns, state names have been abbreviated i.e BR for Bihar, GJ for Gujarat etc. State notes: 1. Inmates admitted during the year.

JUDICIARY Rank among 18 large		k among 18 large & n	nid-sized sto	ates	READING THE DATA: This page shows the state's performance over 3 IJRs and how it compares, on each indicator, against the 17 other large and mid-sized states. The state's position in each indicator is also shown through 3 colour bands. The more				
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			6						
		core (out of 10)		6.16	the blue bands, the better. 'Best value' and 'worst value' are the highest and lowest results in that indicator.				
				0.10	nignest and lo	owest results in	i that indicator.		
Be	st (Ranks 1-6) Middle (Ranks	7-12) Worst (I	Ranks 13-18)					
	Indicator		IJR 1	IJR 2			IJR 3		
	Budgets		Value	Value	Value	Period	Best value	Worst value	
1	Per capita spend on judiciary (Rs)	74	82	99	2020-21	270 (HR)	75 (WB)	
	Human Resources								
2	Population per High Court judge			1,891,934	2,131,143		933,333 (HR/PB)	3,674,088 (BR)	
3	Population per sub. court judge (Number)	73,777	73,885	67,964	Jul 2022	42,502 (UK)	109,673 (AP)	
4	High Court judge vacancy (%)		53.4	30.7	36.4	Dec 2022	16.0 (JH)	48.0 (RJ)	
5	Sub. court judge vacancy (%)		12.3	14.3	8.9	Jul 2022	8.9 (CH)	39.0 (HR)	
6	High Court staff vacancy (%)		34.9	39.5	32.6	2021-22	11.3 (MH)	52.8 (BR)	
	Diversity								
7	Women judges (High Court) (%)		0.0	14.3	7.1	Dec 2022	27.3 (TS)	0.0 (BR/UK)	
8	Women judges (sub. court) (%)		33.3	37.4	41.7	Jul 2022	52.8 (TS)	19.5 (GJ)	
* 9	SC judges, actual to reserved (su	b. court) (%)			128	Jul 2022	128 (CH)	0 (WB)	
* 10	ST judges, actual to reserved (su	b. court) (%)			79	Jul 2022	125 (UK)	0 (OD/PB/WB)	
* 11	OBC judges, actual to reserved (sub. court) (%)			123	Jul 2022	125 (TS)	0 (WB)	
	Infrastructure								
12	Courthall shortfall (%)		5.6	-3.2	2.7	Aug 2022	-7.3 (MH)	27.7 (HR)	
	Workload								
* 13	Cases pending (5-10 years) (Hig	h Court) (%)			26.79	Jan 2023	18.62 (TN)	36.90 (KL)	
★ 14	Cases pending (10+ years) (High				6.46	Jan 2023	6.46 (CH)	40.07 (UP)	
15	Cases pending (5-10 years) (sub	. court) (%)	9.52	3.56	10.12	Jan 2023	5.78 (PB)	28.64 (WB)	
16	Cases pending (10+ years) (sub.	court) (%)	0.80	0.30	0.36	Jan 2023	0.24 (HR)	19.73 (WB)	
17	Average High Court pendency (Y	ears)	2.3		4.08	Feb 2022	3.58 (UK)	11.34 (UP)	
18	Case clearance rate (High Court)	(%)	84	94	77	2022	156 (KL)	65 (RJ)	
19	Case clearance rate (sub. court)	(%)	99.5	101	89	2022	117 (GJ)	72 (UP)	
	Trends								
20	Cases pending (per High Court ju	idae) (%)	5.4	0.8	6.6	CY '18-'22	-15.5 (TS)	31.3 (RJ)	
20	Cases pending (per sub. court ju	-	-6.0	-7.2	2.9	CY '18-'22	-0.01 (JH)	19.4 (HR)	
22	Total cases pending (High Court)	-	1.3	6.4	8.9	CY '18-'22	-1.0 (WB)	20.8 (RJ)	
23	Total cases pending (sub. court)		1.2	0.1	8.1	CY '18-'22	0.9 (GJ)	18.3 (HR)	
24	Judge vacancy (High Court) (pp)		4.29	-1.64	-1.44	CY '18-'22	-12.01 (AP)	3.37 (RJ)	
25	Judge vacancy (sub. court) (pp)		0.50	-0.77	-1.38	CY '18-'22	-4.80 (JH)	3.18 (HR)	
26	Case clearance rate (High Court)	(pp)	-4.73	-4.74	-2.53	CY '18-'22	13.56 (KL)	-5.78 (RJ)	
27	Case clearance rate (sub. court)	(pp)	-0.11	1.22	-3.46	CY '18-'22	5.12 (KL)	-13.67 (WB)	
28	Difference in spend: judiciary vs	state (pp)	-5.47	-0.30	0.30	FY '17-'21	8.24 (KA)	-5.20 (TS)	

General notes: i. Star sign (*) before indicator number represents new indicators in IJR 3. ii. Sub. court: subordinate court. iii, pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages), iv. NA: Not available. v. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year. vi. SC: Scheduled castes; ST: Scheduled tribes; OBC: Other backward classes, vii. States and UTs that share a High Court have been assigned identical values for High Court indicators. These are Assam, Arunachal Pradesh Mizoram and Nagaland; Kerala and Lakshadweep; Maharashtra, Goa, D&N Haveli & Dama & Diu; Punjab, Haryana and Chandigarh; Tamil Nadu and Puducherry; West Bengal and Andaman & Nicobar Islands; Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh. viii. In 'best value' and 'worst value' columns, state names have been abreviated i.e BR for Bihar, GJ for Gujarat etc. ix. Separate data for Andhra Pradesh and Telangana was not available for all 5 years considered for trend indicators. Hence, a 3-year trend has been computed for them for IJR 3.

	Rank among 18 large & mid-sized states IJR 1 IJR 2 IJR 3 IJR 3 Score (out of 10) 5.33 Read mong 18 large & mid-sized states IJR 3 Score (out of 10) Best (Ranks 1-6) Middle (Ranks 7-12) Worst (Ranks 13-18) Read mong 18 large & mid-sized states Name Name Reading the Data: This page shows the state's performance over 3 IJRs and how it compares, on each indicator, against the 17 other large and mid-sized states. The state's position in each indicator is also shown through 3 colour bands. The more the blue bands, the better. 'Best value' and 'worst value' are the highest and lowest results in that indicator.								or, against e's position in nds. The more	
	Indicator			IJR 1	, IJR 2				IJR 3	
	Budgets			Value	Value	-	Value	Period	Best value	Worst value
1	State's share in legal aid	budget (%)		79.4	75.5		85.0	2021-22	96.1 (UP)	62.6 (WB)
*2	State legal aid budget utilized (%)						54	2020-21	99.97 (KA)	35 (UP)
3	NALSA fund utilized (%)			97.0	87.5		75.1	2021-22	99.9 (JH)	50.0 (OD)
4 5 6 7 8	 5 PLVs per lakh population (Number) 5 Sanctioned secretaries as % of DLSAs (%) Diversity 7 Share of women in panel lawyers (%) 			34.8 13.8 100 13.0 36.5	47.8 8.4 100 14.0 26.1		0.0 4.9 100 14.9 40.6	Mar 2022 Jun 2022 Mar 2022 Jun 2022 Jun 2022	Multiple ¹ 6.3 (KA) 102 (MP) 42.4 (KL) 62.6 (KL)	31.4 (MP) 1.2 (UP) 86 (WB) 8.6 (RJ) 24.9 (UP)
	Infrastructure									
9	DLSAs as % of state judi			92	100		100	Mar 2022	110 (TS)	96 (UP)
* 10	Presence of front offices i						109	Jun 2022	109 (CH)	100 (Others)
11	Legal services clinic per jail (Number)			1.13	1.03		1.03	2021-22	1.81 (GJ)	0.61 (BR)
12	Villages per legal service: Workload	s clinic (Number)		69.6	90.2		19,567	2021-22	2.8 (KL)	19,567 (CH)
13	PLA cases: settled as % o	of received (%)		43.0	21.3		68.4	2021-22	99.7 (GJ)	0.0 (WB)
14	Total LAs: Pre-litigation c	ases disposed (%)		51.1	9.3		70.7	2021-22	93.2 (MH)	6.6 (KA)
15	SLSA LAs: Pre-litigation i	n cases taken up (9	6)	1.5	0.2		0.7	2021-22	76.1 (JH)	0.0 (HR/OD)

General notes: i. Star sign (*) before indicator number represents new indicators in IJR 3. ii. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). iii. NA: Not available. iv. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year. v. DLSA: District Legal Services Authority; LA: Lok Adalat; PLA: Permanent Lok Adalat; PLV: Para-Legal Volunteer; SLSA: State Legal Services Authority. vi. In 'best value' and 'worst value' columns, state names have been abbreviated i.e BR for Bihar, GJ for Gujarat etc.

State notes: 1. 13 states have the best value, namely AP/BR/CH/HR/JH/KA/KL/MH/OD/PB/RJ/UK/WB.

Data sources

Police: Data on Police Organizations, Bureau of Police Research and Development (BPR&D); Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Finance Division of Ministry of Home Affairs; Open Budgets India; Digital Police Portal, Ministry of Home Affairs; National Commission on Population, 2019; Census 2011.

Prisons: Prison Statistics India (PSI), National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB); Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Finance Division of Ministry of Home Affairs; Open Budgets India; e-Prisons portal. Judiciary: Annual Reports, Court News, Supreme Court of India; National Judicial Data Grid; Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Finance Division of Ministry of Home Affairs; Open Budgets India; National Commission on Population, 2019; Department of Justice; Parliamentary Questions; eCourt India Services; DAKSH High Court database.

Legal aid: National Legal Services Authority (NALSA); Primary Census Abstract, Census 2011; Prison Statistics India (PSI), National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB); National Commission on Population, 2019; States' Budget Documents; Open Budgets India.

About India Justice Report 2022



The India Justice Report (IJR) 2022 is a collaborative effort undertaken in partnership with DAKSH, Commonwealth Human Rights Initiative, Common Cause, Centre for Social Justice, Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy and TISS-Prayas. First published in 2019, the third edition of the IJR adds an assessment of the capacity of State Human Rights Commissions. It continues to track improvements and persisting deficits in each state's structural and financial capacity to deliver justice based on quantitative measurements of budgets, human resources, infrastructure, workload, and diversity across police, judiciary, prisons and legal aid for all 36 states and UTs.



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